Major Differences Between Federal and State Anti-discrimination Laws enforced by THRC & EEOC

EMPLOYMENT	
State (Tennessee Human	Federal (U.S. Equal Employment
Rights Commission)	Opportunity Commission)
Laws Enforced by the THRC • TN Human Rights Act - T.C.A. §4-21-101 et seq. (THRA) • TN Disability Act - T.C.A. §8-50-103 (TDA)	 Laws Enforced by the EEOC Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 USC 2000e et seq.) Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 (ADEA) (29 U.S.C. 621 et seq.) Titles I of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) 42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq. Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008 Pregnancy Discrimination Act Rehabilitation Act of 1973, §§ 501 and 505 Equal Pay Act of 1963 The Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (GINA)
Protected Classes	
THRA: race, color, religion, sex, age (over 40), national origin, <i>creed</i> TDA: Disability	Title VII: race, color, religion, sex, national origin ADEA: Age (over 40) ADA: Disability
Employers: Number of Employees	
 THRA: Covers employers with 8 or more employers. Retaliation, Disability (TDA): Number of employees required is not defined. (presumably 1 or more) 	 Title VII, ADA: Covers employers with 15 or more employees. ADEA: Covers employers with 20 or more employees.
Statute of Limitations to file an Administrative Complaint	
The complaint must be filed within one hundred eighty (180) days <i>after</i> the commission of the alleged discriminatory practice.	Generally, in Tennessee, 300 days to file with EEOC, but check specific statute.

Accommodations

- THRA & TDA: Accommodations in religion & disability are NOT covered.
- **Title VII & ADA:** Accommodations in religion & disability are covered.

Going to Court

- THRA & TDA: Complainant can sue directly in state court, or THRC can administratively enforce. Cannot do both at the same time.
- Complaint with THRC does not toll the statute of limitations.
- File in chancery or circuit court 1 year after the alleged discriminatory practice ceases
- Title VII, ADA: Must file with EEOC before filing in court. Complainant must bring a private suit 90 days <u>after</u> receipt of EEOC Notice of Right to Sue.
- ADEA: Can go straight to court after complaint has been on file with EEOC for 60 days.

Damages

THRA, TDA:

- No cap on damages.
- No punitive damages, but damages for embarrassment, humiliation.
- Attorney's fees.
- Violation of TDA = Class C misdemeanor.
- Malicious Harassment: civil action: TCA § 4-21-701: emotional distress, reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and punitive damages.

Title VII, ADA:

 Damages are capped (per individual) at a maximum of \$300,000 based on the size of the employer:

15-100 employees: \$50,000; 101-200 employees: \$100,000; 201-500 employees: \$200,000; 501+ employees: \$300,000.

- Punitive allowed if employer acted intentionally with "malice or reckless indifference."
- Attorney's fees.

ADEA:

- No cap. No compensatory or punitive damages, but liquidated damages are given where a willful violation occurs.
- Attorney's fees.